

## SECTION - B SHORT QUESTION

Q-02: List all the relations on the set  $(0, 1)$ . How many of them contains the pair  $(0, 1)$ ?

Q-03: if  $x = \sqrt{5} - 2$  then find the value of  $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$

Q-04: Find the logarithms of 16 to the base  $2\sqrt{2}$ .

Q-05: If  $x - y = 2\sqrt{2}$ , then prove that  $x^3 - y^3 - 6\sqrt{2}xy = 16\sqrt{2}$ .

Q-06: For what values of  $p$  and  $q$ ,  $x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 + px + q$  will be perfect square.

Q-07: Solve any one of the following equation.

$$(i) \frac{2x-3}{5} = \frac{x-2}{2}$$

$$(ii) \sqrt{2y-3} = \sqrt{3y+4}$$

Q-08: Eliminate "x" from the equations:

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = 2p, \quad x - \frac{1}{x} = 2q + 1$$

Q-09: if  $a:b :: c:d$ , then show that  $\frac{a^2 - c^2}{ac} = \frac{b^2 - d^2}{bd}$

Q-10: Solve  $\triangle ABC$  when  $\angle C = 90^\circ$ ,  $m\angle B = 60^\circ$  and  $a = 2\text{cm}$ .

Q-11: Calculate the arithmetic mean when  $D = x - 100$ ,  $\sum fD = 400$  and  $\sum f = 50$ .

Q-12: If two angles of a triangle are congruent, the side opposite to them are also congruent. Prove it.

Q-13: If a line is drawn perpendicular to a radial segment of a circle at its outer end point, it is tangent to the circle at that end point. Prove it.

Q-14: Solve the equations by using cramer's rule:

$$\therefore 2x + y = 6, 26x + 18y = 2$$

Q-15: Define any TWO of the following terms and draw the figures.

(i) Vertically Opposite Angles

(ii) Alternate Angles

(iii) Inscribed Angles of an Arc